

# Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L Coles Supermarkets

Chemwatch: 2874216

Version No: 5.1

Safety Data Sheet according to Work Health and Safety Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) 2023 and ADG requirements

#### Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code:

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Print Date: 12/08/2024 S.GHS.AUS.EN.E

# SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L
Synonyms	Not Available
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Item Code: 4524036, APN Barcode: 9300601249091, 4524036, 9300601249091, APN Barcode: 9300601249091

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Food additive and/or as a cleaning product.
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# Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Coles Supermarkets
Address	800 Toorak Road Hawthorn East VIC 3123 Australia
Telephone	FreeCall 1800 061 562 (Weekdays 8:30am-6:00pmAEST)
Fax	Not Available
Website	www.coles.com.au
Email	Not Available

#### **Emergency telephone number**

Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre, First Aid 24 Hour	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)
Emergency telephone numbers	13 11 26	+61 1800 951 288
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 3 9573 3188

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

# **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

# Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

# Chemwatch Hazard Ratings

	_		
	Min	Max	
Flammability	0		
Toxicity	0		
Body Contact	1		0 = Minimum 1 = Low
Reactivity	0		2 = Moderate
Chronic	0		3 = High

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
Classification <sup>[1]</sup>	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2B

Chemwatch: **2874216**Part Number:

Version No: 5.1

Page 2 of 9

Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L

Issue Date: **23/12/2022**Print Date: **12/08/2024** 

Legend:

1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

#### Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)

Not Applicable

Signal word

Warning

#### Hazard statement(s)

H320

Causes eye irritation.

# Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P264

Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.

# Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

# **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### **Substances**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

# **Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
Not Available		vinegar, as
64-19-7	4-4.2	acetic acid glacial
7732-18-5	95.8-96	<u>water</u>
Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available		

# **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

# **Description of first aid measures**

Eye Contact	<ul> <li>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</li> <li>Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Seek medical advice.</li> </ul>

Version No: 5.1

Page 3 of 9

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Part Number: Print Date: 12/08/2024 Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

## **Extinguishing media**

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

## Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

openia na_a an anomg nom mo caronate or mintano		
Fire Incompatibility	None known.	
Advice for firefighters	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.</li> </ul>	
Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.</li> <li>DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> <li>Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.</li> </ul>	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>Non combustible.</li> <li>Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.</li> <li>May emit poisonous fumes.</li> <li>May emit corrosive fumes.</li> </ul>	
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable	

# **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

# **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> <li>Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.</li> <li>Wipe up.</li> <li>Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	Moderate hazard.  Clear area of personnel and move upwind.  Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.  Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.  Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.  Stop leak if safe to do so.  Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.  Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

# Procautions for safe handling

Precautions for sale handling	
Safe handling	<ul> <li>Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.</li> <li>DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.</li> <li>DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensils.</li> <li>Avoid contact with incompatible materials.</li> <li>When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</li> <li>DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin</li> </ul>
Other information	▶ Store in original containers.

Chemwatch: 2874216

Part Number:

Version No: 5.1

Page 4 of 9

Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Print Date: 12/08/2024

- Keep containers securely sealed.
- ▶ Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
- Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
- Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
- Protect from light.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Suitable container

- ▶ Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
- Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

Storage incompatibility

## **SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	acetic acid glacial	Acetic acid	10 ppm / 25 mg/m3	37 mg/m3 / 15 ppm	Not Available	Not Available

#### **Emergency Limits**

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
acetic acid glacial	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
acetic acid glacial	50 ppm	Not Available
water	Not Available	Not Available

## **Exposure controls**

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation

that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use. Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.

General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment











# Eye and face protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

► Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]

 Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly.

#### Skin protection

# See Hand protection below

# Hands/feet protection

- ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice.

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.

Version No: 5.1

# Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Print Date: 12/08/2024

	Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	<ul> <li>Overalls.</li> <li>P.V.C apron.</li> <li>Barrier cream.</li> <li>Skin cleansing cream.</li> <li>Eye wash unit.</li> </ul>

# **Respiratory protection**

Type AB-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	AB-AUS P2	-	AB-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50 x ES	-	AB-AUS / Class 1 P2	-
up to 100 x ES	-	AB-2 P2	AB-PAPR-2 P2 ^

<sup>^ -</sup> Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

# **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear colourless free-flowing liquid with typical vinegary aroma; mixes with water.		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.01
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n- octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Applicable
pH (as supplied)	1.8-2.5	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	0 (freezing point)	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	118	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	1	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	2.1	VOC g/L	Not Available

# **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

Page 6 of 9

Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Print Date: 12/08/2024

Version No: 5.1

Part Number:

# **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

OLOTION IT TOXICOTOGICS			
Information on toxicologica	al effects		
Inhaled	There is some evidence to suggest that the mater such irritation can cause further lung damage.  Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of the material has NOT been classified by EC Direct of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.	of product ctives or other classification syste	
Ingestion	The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Direct of the lack of corroborating animal or human evides		ems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.  There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.  Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material  Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.  Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.		
Eye	There is some evidence to suggest that this mater	rial can cause eye irritation and d	lamage in some persons.
Chronic	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occupational exposure.	occur and may cause some con	ncern following repeated or long-term
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L	Not Available	Not Available	
viilogui 12	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 1060 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 0.0	95mg (open)-SEVERE
	Inhalation (Mouse) LC50: 1.405 mg/L4h <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye: adverse ef	fect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>
acetic acid glacial	Oral (Rat) LD50: 3310 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Skin (human):50	0mg/24hr - mild
_		Skin (rabbit):52	5mg (open)-SEVERE
		Skin: adverse e	ffect observed (corrosive) <sup>[1]</sup>
			ffect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>
		Civilia davordo d	
water	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
water	Oral (Rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Not Available	
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered     Unless otherwise specified data extracted from R		
ACETIC ACID GLACIAL	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months of allergic condition known as reactive airways dysful highly irritating compound. Main criteria for diagnosindividual, with sudden onset of persistent asthma irritant. Other criteria for diagnosis of RADS include bronchial hyperreactivity on methacholine challenge eosinophilia. RADS (or asthma) following an irritation and duration of exposure to the irritating substance of exposure due to high concentrations of irritating ceases. The disorder is characterized by difficulty For acid mists, aerosols, vapours  Test results suggest that eukaryotic cells are susce respiratory tract have not been examined in this reexposure to inhaled acidic mists (which also prote the material may produce severe irritation to the cirritants may produce conjunctivitis.	anction syndrome (RADS) which coing RADS include the absence a-like symptoms within minutes to de a reversible airflow pattern on ge testing, and the lack of minimating inhalation is an infrequent disce. On the other hand, industrial beg substance (often particles) and breathing, cough and mucus proceedings to genetic damage when espect. Mucous secretion may preced the stomach lining from the heye causing pronounced inflamments.	can occur after exposure to high levels of of previous airways disease in a non-atopic of hours of a documented exposure to the lung function tests, moderate to severe all lymphocytic inflammation, without sorder with rates related to the concentration of pronchitis is a disorder that occurs as a result is completely reversible after exposure aduction.  The pH falls to about 6.5. Cells from the otect the cells of the airway from direct hydrochloric acid secreted there).
	The material may cause severe skin irritation after swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and the Prolonged or repeated exposure to acetic acid material toxicity. Prolonged inhalation exposure results in really many decreased growth but no reproductive.	nickening of the skin. Repeated e ay produce irritation and/ or corro nuscle imbalance, increase in blo	xposures may produce severe ulceration. sion at the site of contact as well as systemic good cholinesterase activity, decrease in
WATER	swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and the Prolonged or repeated exposure to acetic acid materials.	nickening of the skin. Repeated e ay produce irritation and/ or corro muscle imbalance, increase in blo e or foetal toxicity, according to a	xposures may produce severe ulceration. sion at the site of contact as well as systemic good cholinesterase activity, decrease in
	swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and the Prolonged or repeated exposure to acetic acid matoxicity. Prolonged inhalation exposure results in realbumin and decreased growth but no reproductive No significant acute toxicological data identified in	nickening of the skin. Repeated e ay produce irritation and/ or corro muscle imbalance, increase in blo e or foetal toxicity, according to a literature search.	xposures may produce severe ulceration. sion at the site of contact as well as systemic ood cholinesterase activity, decrease in animal testing.
WATER  Acute Toxicity  Skin Irritation/Corrosion	swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and the Prolonged or repeated exposure to acetic acid matoxicity. Prolonged inhalation exposure results in realbumin and decreased growth but no reproductive	nickening of the skin. Repeated e ay produce irritation and/ or corro muscle imbalance, increase in blo e or foetal toxicity, according to a	xposures may produce severe ulceration. sion at the site of contact as well as systemic good cholinesterase activity, decrease in
Acute Toxicity	swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and the Prolonged or repeated exposure to acetic acid matoxicity. Prolonged inhalation exposure results in realbumin and decreased growth but no reproductive. No significant acute toxicological data identified in	nickening of the skin. Repeated e ay produce irritation and/ or corro muscle imbalance, increase in blo e or foetal toxicity, according to a literature search.  Carcinogenicity	xposures may produce severe ulceration. sion at the site of contact as well as systemic od cholinesterase activity, decrease in animal testing.

Chemwatch: **2874216**Part Number:

Version No: 5.1

Page 7 of 9

## Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Print Date: 12/08/2024

Respiratory or Skin sensitisation

Mutagenicity 

STOT - Repeated Exposure 

Aspiration Hazard 

Aspiration Hazard

Legend:

🗶 – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

Data available to make classification

#### **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

#### Toxicity

0 1 0 4 D 140 14	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	29.23mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	18.9mg/l	2
acetic acid glacial	EC50(ECx)	24h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.08mg/l	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	31.3- 67.6mg/l	2
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	73.4mg/L	4
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
water	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:			e ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicologi Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment D	•	
		ion Data 7. METI (Japan) - Biocor	·	ata u. mr E (Japan) ·	

#### DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

# Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
acetic acid glacial	LOW	LOW
water	LOW	LOW

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
acetic acid glacial	LOW (LogKOW = -0.17)

# Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
acetic acid glacial	HIGH (Log KOC = 1)

# **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

# Waste treatment methods

# Product / Packaging disposal

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.

A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate:

- ▶ Reduction
- Reuse
- Recycling
- ► Disposal (if all else fails)

This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate.

- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- ▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.

Version No: 5.1

#### Page 8 of 9

# Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Print Date: 12/08/2024

- Recycle wherever possible.
- Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material).
- ▶ Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed.

## **SECTION 14 Transport information**

## **Labels Required**

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

# 14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

#### 14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
acetic acid glacial	Not Available
water	Not Available

#### 14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

	Product name	Ship Type
	acetic acid glacial	Not Available
	water	Not Available

# **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# acetic acid glacial is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 2

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 4  $\,$ 

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

# water is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

# **Additional Regulatory Information**

Not Applicable

# **National Inventory Status**

······································			
Status			
Yes			
Yes			
No (acetic acid glacial; water)			
Yes			
EINEC / ELINCS / Yes			
Yes			
Korea - KECI Yes			

Chemwatch: 2874216

Part Number: Version No: **5.1** 

# Page 9 of 9

## Coles Smart Buy White Vinegar 1L

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Print Date: 12/08/2024

National Inventory	Status			
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes			
Philippines - PICCS	Yes			
USA - TSCA	Yes			
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes			
Mexico - INSQ	Yes			
Vietnam - NCI	Yes			
Russia - FBEPH	Yes			
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.			

## **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	23/12/2022
Initial Date	07/05/2012

# **SDS Version Summary**

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
4.1	01/11/2019	One-off system update. NOTE: This may or may not change the GHS classification
5.1	23/12/2022	Classification review due to GHS Revision change.

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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